EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT June 30, 2019

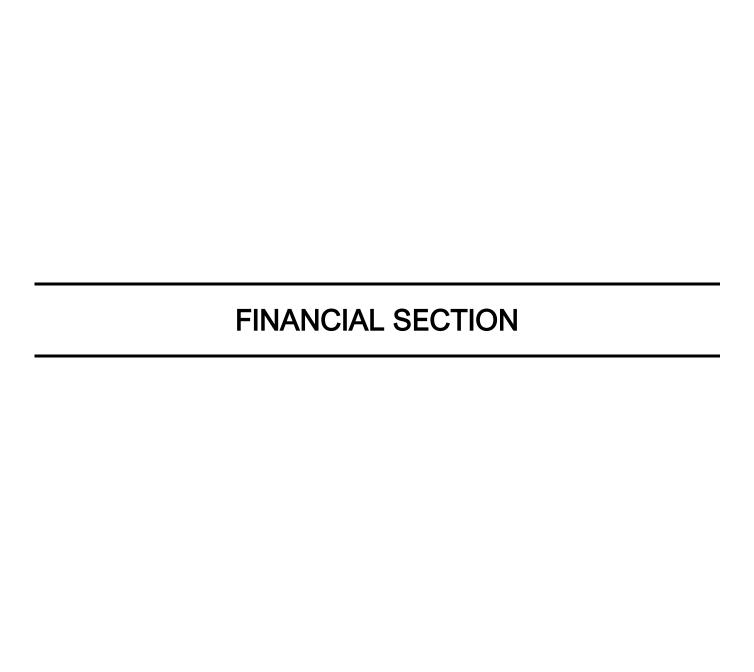


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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Governing Board El Monte Union High School District El Monte, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the El Monte Union High School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the El Monte Union High School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of El Monte Union High School District, as of June 30, 2019 and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of District contributions for pensions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the El Monte Union High School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Musty Whate, Inc

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2019 on our consideration of El Monte Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of El Monte Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering El Monte Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Diego, California December 13, 2019

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

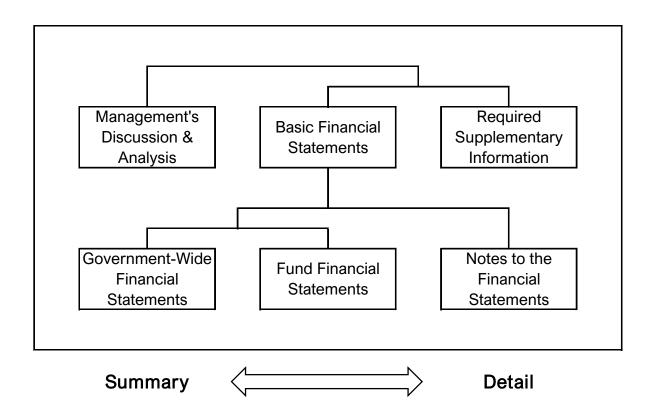
Our discussion and analysis of El Monte Union High School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total net position was \$22,199,122 at June 30, 2019. This was an increase of \$147,753 from the prior year.
- Overall revenues were \$163,600,846 which exceeded expenses of \$163,453,093.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Components of the Financials Section



OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Components of the Financials Section (continued)

This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
 - Governmental Funds provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.
 - Fiduciary Funds report balances for which the District is a custodian or *trustee* of the funds, such as Associated Student Bodies and pension funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Local control formula funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position was \$22,199,122 at June 30, 2019, as reflected in the table below. Of this amount, \$(92,060,219) was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations.

	Governmental Activities							
		2019	2018	N	let Change			
ASSETS								
Current and other assets	\$	167,592,572	\$ 111,453,650	\$	56,138,922			
Capital assets		220,403,643	213,001,682		7,401,961			
Total Assets		387,996,215	324,455,332		63,540,883			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		50,955,641	44,371,311		6,584,330			
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities		29,029,588	23,079,168		5,950,420			
Long-term liabilities		378,380,351	313,781,295		64,599,056			
Total Liabilities		407,409,939	336,860,463		70,549,476			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		9,342,795	9,914,811		(572,016)			
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		87,134,679	89,692,911		(2,558,232)			
Restricted		27,124,662	21,834,811		5,289,851			
Unrestricted		(92,060,219)	(89,476,353)		(2,583,866)			
Total Net Position	\$	22,199,122	\$ 22,051,369	\$	147,753			

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The table below takes the information from the Statement and rearranges it slightly, so you can see our total revenues, expenses, and special items for the year.

	Governmental Activities						
	2019			2018	N	et Change	
REVENUES						_	
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$	538,898	\$	207,852	\$	331,046	
Operating grants and contributions		28,196,458		31,998,242		(3,801,784)	
General revenues							
Property taxes		35,005,666		32,274,636		2,731,030	
Unrestricted federal and state aid		91,232,175		85,745,052		5,487,123	
Other		8,627,649		3,759,761		4,867,888	
Total Revenues		163,600,846		153,985,543		9,615,303	
EXPENSES							
Instruction		82,300,725		80,923,785		1,376,940	
Instruction-related services		16,667,731		15,767,408		900,323	
Pupil services		22,509,130		20,762,302		1,746,828	
General administration		10,356,961		9,144,348		1,212,613	
Plant services		20,325,672		19,669,180		656,492	
Ancillary and community services		3,239,852		3,150,716		89,136	
Debt service		6,818,712		7,254,729		(436,017)	
Other outgo		1,231,086		1,554,712		(323,626)	
Enterprise Activities		3,224		82,597		(79,373)	
Total Expenses		163,453,093		158,309,777		5,143,316	
Change in net position		147,753		(4,324,234)		4,471,987	
Net Position - Beginning		22,051,369		26,375,603		(4,324,234)	
Net Position - Ending	\$	22,199,122	\$	22,051,369	\$	147,753	

The cost of all our governmental activities this year was \$163,453,093 (refer to the table above). The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through taxes was only \$35,005,666 because the cost was paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position (continued)

In the table below, we have presented the net cost of each of the District's functions. Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

	Net Cost of Services				
		2019		2018	
Instruction	\$	69,536,593	\$	66,329,144	
Instruction-related services		11,128,941		10,498,222	
Pupil services		14,857,700		13,166,085	
General administration		9,362,810		8,102,072	
Plant services		18,936,564		16,532,146	
Ancillary and community services		3,199,599		3,121,527	
Debt service		6,818,712		7,254,729	
Transfers to other agencies		873,594		1,017,161	
Other		3,224		82,597	
Total Expenses	\$	134,717,737	\$	126,103,683	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$154,666,515 which is more than last year's ending fund balance of \$98,855,701. The District's General Fund had \$5,102,747 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2019. The Building Fund had \$14,097,667 less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2019, along with other financing sources of \$57,356,907 related to transfers in and sources received from the Election 2018, Series A bonds. The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund had \$371,956 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2019, along with \$5,957,997 in other sources

CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2018-2019

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval on a regular basis to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

By the end of 2018-2019 the District had invested \$220,403,643 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

	Governmental Activities						
		2019		2018	Net Change		
CAPITAL ASSETS							
Land	\$	9,439,111	\$	9,439,111	\$	-	
Construction in progress		28,768,695		16,805,443		11,963,252	
Land improvements		5,971,385		5,971,385		-	
Buildings & improvements		271,321,951		268,602,091		2,719,860	
Furniture & equipment		23,730,087		23,201,918		528,169	
Accumulated depreciation		(118,827,586)	(111,018,266)		(7,809,320)	
Total Capital Assets	\$	220,403,643	\$	213,001,682	\$	7,401,961	

Long-Term Liabilities

At year-end, the District had \$378,380,351 in long-term liabilities, an increase of 20.59% from last year – as shown in the table below. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in footnotes to the financial statements.)

	Governmental Activities						
	2019	2018	Net Change				
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES			_				
Total general obligation bonds	\$ 218,384,089	\$ 163,612,111	\$ 54,771,978				
Lease purchase agreement	10,745,000	10,865,000	(120,000)				
Capital leases	-	236,509	(236,509)				
Early retirement incentive	877,593	1,170,124	(292,531)				
Compensated absences	1,112,436	1,140,148	(27,712)				
Total OPEB liability	25,581,938	22,791,413	2,790,525				
Net pension liability	136,989,733	123,787,229	13,202,504				
Less: current portion of long-term liabilities	(15,310,438)	(9,821,239)	(5,489,199)				
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$ 378,380,351	\$ 313,781,295	\$ 64,599,056				

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

The US economy continues to grow slowly, but the State economic growth is slowing down due to low levels of available employees. However, the State is still experiencing overall economic prosperity. The State Budget for Education contained an increase of 3.26% in fiscal year 2019-20, plus \$3.15 billion in non-Proposition 98 funding for school employer pension relief.

The fiscal policy for the funding of public education changes annually, based on fluctuations in State revenues. The UCLA Anderson Forecast (June 2019) noted that the risk of recession is about 50% within the next 5-8 quarters depending on the model, the biggest economic threat being from the escalating trade war with China and Mexico. If a recession were to happen, State revenues for public education would be negatively impacted.

Landmark legislation passed in Year 2013 reformed California school district finance by creating the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF). The LCFF is designed to provide a flexible funding mechanism that links student achievement to state funding levels. The LCFF provides a per pupil base grant amount, by grade span, that is augmented by supplemental funding for targeted student groups in low income brackets, those that are English language learners and foster youth.

Factors related to LCFF that the District is monitoring include: (1) estimates of funding in the next budget year and beyond; (2) the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP) that aims to link student accountability measurements to funding allocations; (3) ensuring the integrity of reporting student data through the California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System (CALPADs); and, (4) meeting annual compliance and audit requirements.

The District participates in state employee pensions plans, PERS and STRS, and both are underfunded. The District's proportionate share of the liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2019. The amount of the liability is material to the financial position of the District. To address the underfunding issues, the pension plans received a one-time funding allocation from the 2019-20 State Budget and continue to raise employer rates in future years. The projected increased pension costs to school employers remain a significant fiscal factor.

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, inter-district transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2019-20 fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the Chief Business Official, El Monte Union High School District, 3537 Johnson Avenue, El Monte, California, 91731.

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS \$ 161,275,793 Cash and investments \$ 99,920 Accounts receivable 5,999,920 Inventory 316,859 Capital assets, not depreciated 38,207,806 Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 182,195,837 Total Assets 387,996,215 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to Pensions 41,833,081 Deferred amount on refunding 6,990,369 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 50,955,641 LIABILITIES Accrued liabilities 12,190,260 Unearned revenue 1,528,890 Long-term liabilities, current portion 15,310,438 Long-term liabilities, non-current portion 378,380,351 Total Liabilities 407,409,939 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amount on refunding 275,080 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 9,342,795 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 87,134,679 Restricted: 2 Capital projects 6,705,507		overnmental Activities
Accounts receivable 5,999,920	ASSETS	
Inventory	Cash and investments	\$ 161,275,793
Capital assets, not depreciated 38,207,806 Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 182,195,837 Total Assets 387,996,215 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions 41,833,081 Deferred outflows related to OPEB 2,132,191 Deferred amount on refunding 6,990,369 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 50,955,641 LIABILITIES 12,190,260 Unearned revenue 1,528,890 Long-term liabilities, current portion 15,310,438 Long-term liabilities, non-current portion 378,380,351 Total Liabilities 407,409,939 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amount on refunding 275,080 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 9,067,715 Deferred amount on refunding 275,080 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 87,134,679 Restricted: 6,705,507 Capital projects 6,705,507 Debt service 8,214,580 Educational programs 11,250,131	Accounts receivable	5,999,920
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation 182,195,837 Total Assets 387,996,215 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions 41,833,081 Deferred outflows related to OPEB 2,132,191 Deferred amount on refunding 6,990,369 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 50,955,641 LIABILITIES 12,190,260 Unearned revenue 1,528,890 Long-term liabilities, current portion 378,380,351 Total Liabilities 407,409,939 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 9,067,715 Deferred amount on refunding 275,080 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 9,342,795 NET POSITION 87,134,679 Restricted: Capital projects 6,705,507 Debt service 8,214,580 Educational programs 11,250,131	Inventory	316,859
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Accrued liabilities 12,190,260 Unearned revenue 1,528,890 Long-term liabilities, current portion 15,310,438 Long-term liabilities, non-current portion 378,380,351 Total Liabilities 407,409,939 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 9,067,715 Deferred amount on refunding 275,080 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 9,342,795 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 87,134,679 Restricted: 6,705,507 Debt service 8,214,580 Educational programs 11,250,131	LIABILITIES	
Unearned revenue 1,528,890 Long-term liabilities, current portion 15,310,438 Long-term liabilities, non-current portion 378,380,351 Total Liabilities 407,409,939 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 9,067,715 Deferred amount on refunding 275,080 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 9,342,795 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 87,134,679 Restricted: Capital projects 6,705,507 Debt service 8,214,580 Educational programs 11,250,131		12.190.260
Long-term liabilities, current portion 15,310,438 Long-term liabilities, non-current portion 378,380,351 Total Liabilities 407,409,939 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 9,067,715 Deferred amount on refunding 275,080 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 9,342,795 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 87,134,679 Restricted: 6,705,507 Debt service 8,214,580 Educational programs 11,250,131		
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions Deferred amount on refunding Total Deferred Inflows of Resources NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted: Capital projects Capital projects Debt service Educational programs 378,380,351 407,409,939 9,067,715 275,080 275,080 87,134,795 87,134,679 87,134,679 87,134,679 87,134,679 87,134,679 87,134,679	Long-term liabilities, current portion	
Total Liabilities 407,409,939 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions 9,067,715 Deferred amount on refunding 275,080 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 9,342,795 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 87,134,679 Restricted: 20,705,507 Debt service 8,214,580 Educational programs 11,250,131		378,380,351
Deferred inflows related to pensions 9,067,715 Deferred amount on refunding 275,080 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 9,342,795 NET POSITION 87,134,679 Restricted: 6,705,507 Capital projects 6,705,507 Debt service 8,214,580 Educational programs 11,250,131	Total Liabilities	
Deferred amount on refunding 275,080 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 9,342,795 NET POSITION 87,134,679 Net investment in capital assets 87,134,679 Restricted: 6,705,507 Debt service 8,214,580 Educational programs 11,250,131	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred amount on refunding 275,080 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 9,342,795 NET POSITION 87,134,679 Net investment in capital assets 87,134,679 Restricted: 6,705,507 Debt service 8,214,580 Educational programs 11,250,131	Deferred inflows related to pensions	9,067,715
NET POSITION87,134,679Net investment in capital assets87,134,679Restricted:6,705,507Capital projects6,705,507Debt service8,214,580Educational programs11,250,131	·	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted: Capital projects Debt service Educational programs 87,134,679 6,705,507 8,214,580 11,250,131		9,342,795
Net investment in capital assets Restricted: Capital projects Debt service Educational programs 87,134,679 6,705,507 8,214,580 11,250,131	NET POSITION	
Restricted: Capital projects 6,705,507 Debt service 8,214,580 Educational programs 11,250,131		87.134.679
Capital projects 6,705,507 Debt service 8,214,580 Educational programs 11,250,131		0.,.0.,0.0
Debt service 8,214,580 Educational programs 11,250,131		6.705.507
Educational programs 11,250,131		
. •		
All Othors	All others	954,444
Unrestricted (92,060,219)		
Total Net Position \$ 22,199,122	Total Net Position	\$

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Program	Reve	nues	(evenues and Changes in let Position
			-	riogram		Operating		et i osition
			С	harges for		Grants and	G	overnmental
Function/Programs	Expenses			Services	Contributions			Activities
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
Instruction	\$	82,300,725	\$	425,430	\$	12,338,702	\$	(69,536,593)
Instruction-related services								
Instructional supervision and administration		5,815,611		7,069		2,469,052		(3,339,490)
Instructional library, media, and technology		1,427,826		-		48,014		(1,379,812)
School site administration		9,424,294		7,882		3,006,773		(6,409,639)
Pupil services								
Home-to-school transportation		2,777,454		24		58,810		(2,718,620)
Food services		5,400,181		19,672		4,810,403		(570,106)
All other pupil services		14,331,495		17,946		2,744,575		(11,568,974)
General administration								
Centralized data processing		2,436,681		4,411		47,663		(2,384,607)
All other general administration		7,920,280		1,942		940,135		(6,978,203)
Plant services		20,325,672		14,270		1,374,838		(18,936,564)
Ancillary services		3,217,352		27		38,060		(3,179,265)
Community services		22,500		582		1,584		(20,334)
Enterprise activities		3,224		-		-		(3,224)
Interest on long-term debt		6,818,712		-		-		(6,818,712)
Other outgo		1,231,086		39,643		317,849		(873,594)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	163,453,093	\$	538,898	\$	28,196,458		(134,717,737)
	Gene	eral revenues					<u> </u>	_
	Tax	kes and subventi	ons					
	Р	roperty taxes, le	vied fo	r general purp	oses			20,435,903
Property taxes, levied for debt service Property taxes, levied for other specific purposes Federal and state aid not restricted for specific purposes								13,811,913
								757,850
								91,232,175
Interest and investment earnings								1,474,731
Miscellaneous								7,152,918
Subtotal, General Revenue								134,865,490
	CHA	NGE IN NET PO	SITIO	N				147,753
	Net I	Position - Begir	ning					22,051,369
	Net I	Position - Endir	ng				\$	22,199,122

Net (Expenses)

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019

	Gei	neral Fund	Bı	uilding Fund	 ond Interest & demption Fund	Non-Major overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	53,304,640	\$	75,849,351	\$ 9,007,673	\$ 23,114,129	\$	161,275,793
Accounts receivable		3,364,728		293,471	-	2,341,721		5,999,920
Stores inventory		131,921		-	-	184,938		316,859
Total Assets	\$	56,801,289	\$	76,142,822	\$ 9,007,673	\$ 25,640,788	\$	167,592,572
LIABILITIES								
Accrued liabilities	\$	9,997,278	\$	321,437	\$ -	\$ 1,078,452	\$	11,397,167
Unearned revenue		1,528,890		-	-	-		1,528,890
Total Liabilities		11,526,168		321,437	-	1,078,452		12,926,057
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		161,921		-	-	190,238		352,159
Restricted		1,656,187		75,821,385	9,007,673	17,253,895		103,739,140
Committed		-		-	-	7,118,203		7,118,203
Assigned		21,478,170		-	-	-		21,478,170
Unassigned		21,978,843		-	-	=		21,978,843
Total Fund Balances		45,275,121		75,821,385	9,007,673	24,562,336		154,666,515
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	56,801,289	\$	76,142,822	\$ 9,007,673	\$ 25,640,788	\$	167,592,572

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Total Fund	Balance -	Governmental	Funds

\$ 154.666.515

Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital assets:

In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation:

 Capital assets
 \$ 339,231,229

 Accumulated depreciation
 (118,827,586)
 220,403,643

Deferred amount on refunding:

In governmental funds, the net effect of refunding bonds is recognized when debt is issued, whereas this amount is deferred and amortized in the government-wide financial statements:

6,715,289

Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:

(793,093)

Long-term liabilities:

In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:

Total general obligation bonds	\$ 218,384,089	
Lease purchase agreement	10,745,000	
Early retirement incentive	877,593	
Compensated absences	1,112,436	
Total OPEB liability	25,581,938	
Net pension liability	136,989,733	(393,690,789)

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions:

In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	\$ 41,833,081	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(9,067,715)	32,765,366

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB:

In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	\$ 2.132.191	2.132.191

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 22,199,122

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Technolists		<u>G</u>	eneral Fund	Building Fund		Interest & ption Fund	Non-Major overnmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Pederal sources	REVENUES	•	404000000	•			0.540.440		407 444 070
Cheer state sources		\$		\$ -	\$	-	\$, ,	\$	
Total Revenues			, ,	-		-			
Total Revenues				-		,			, ,
Current Curr				, ,		, ,			
Current	Total Revenues		133,838,518	1,120,673		13,976,775	21,222,897		170,158,863
Instruction 71,086,003 - 6,636,948 77,722,951 Instruction-related services Instructional supervision and administration 4,784,887 - - 901,616 5,686,503 Instructional library, media, and technology 1,389,418 - - 2,562,337 9,018,408 School site administration 6,456,072 - - 2,562,337 9,018,408 Pupil services 8 - - - 2,262,337 9,018,408 Home-to-school transportation 2,296,447 - - - 2,286,447 Food services 13,729,704 - - 4,642,273 5,147,422 All other pupil services 13,729,704 - - 4,642,273 5,147,422 All other general administration 6,470,226 - - 570,415 7,040,641 Plant services 15,444,514 116,593 - 2,579,311 18,141,038 Facilities acquisition and maintenance 583,437 13,646,840 - 1,93,396 15,423,673	EXPENDITURES								
Instruction-related services 1,784,887 -	Current								
Instructional supervision and administration 1,784,887 - - 901,616 5,686,503 Instructional library, media, and technology 1,389,418 - - 2,562,337 9,018,409 Pupil services	Instruction		71,086,003	-		-	6,636,948		77,722,951
Instructional library, media, and technology 1,389,418 - - - - 1,389,418 School site administration 6,456,072 - - 2,562,337 9,018,409 Pupil services	Instruction-related services								
School site administration 6,456,072 - 2,562,337 9,018,409 Pupil services Home-to-school transportation 2,296,447 - - - 2,296,447 Food services 505,149 - - 4,642,273 5,147,422 All other pupil services 13,729,704 - - 312,696 14,042,400 General administration Centralized data processing 2,158,490 - - 570,415 7,040,641 Plant services 15,444,514 116,593 - 2,579,931 18,141,038 Facilities acquisition and maintenance 583,437 13,646,840 - 1,193,396 15,423,673 Ancillary services 3,094,264 - - 2,579,931 18,141,038 Facilities acquisition and maintenance 583,437 13,646,840 - 1,193,396 15,423,673 Ancillary services 22,500 - - - 2,2500 - - - 2,2500 Enterprise activities - 7,7366 - </td <td>Instructional supervision and administration</td> <td></td> <td>4,784,887</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>901,616</td> <td></td> <td>5,686,503</td>	Instructional supervision and administration		4,784,887	-		-	901,616		5,686,503
Pupil services Home-to-school transportation 2,296,447 2,296,447 Food services 505,149 4,642,273 5,147,422 5,147,422 5,147,422 5,147,422 5,147,422 5,147,422 5,147,422 5,147,422 5,147,422 5,147,422 5,147,422 5,147,422 5,147,422 5,147,422 5,147,422 5,147,424 5,147,142	Instructional library, media, and technology		1,389,418	-		-	-		1,389,418
Home-to-school transportation 2,296,447 - - 2,296,447 Food services 505,149 - 312,696 314,042,400 General administration 3729,704 - 312,696 314,042,400 General administration Centralized data processing 2,158,490 - - 570,415 7,040,641 Plant services 15,444,514 116,593 - 2,579,931 18,141,038 Facilities acquisition and maintenance 583,437 13,646,840 - - 3,094,264 Community services 3,094,264 - - - 3,094,264 Community services 22,500 - - - 3,224 3,224 Transfers to other agencies 477,366 - - - 3,224 3,224 Transfers to other agencies 477,366 - - - - 477,366 Debt service 785 1,334,907 5,725,068 - 7,060,760 Total Expenditures 128,735,771 15,218,340 13,604,819 19,402,836 176,961,766 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 5,102,747 (14,097,667) 371,956 1,820,061 6,802,903 Cher Financing Sources (Uses) (1,701,187) 57,356,907 5,957,997 1,000,000 62,613,717 Net Financing Sources (Uses) (1,701,187) 57,356,907 5,957,997 1,000,000 62,613,717 Net Financing Sources (Uses) (1,701,187) 57,356,907 5,957,997 1,000,000 5,5810,814 Fund Balance - Beginning 41,873,561 32,562,145 2,677,720 21,742,275 98,855,701 5,957,997 1,000,000 5,5810,814 5,5	School site administration		6,456,072	-		-	2,562,337		9,018,409
Food services 505,149 - 4,642,273 5,147,422 All other pupil services 13,729,704 - - 312,696 14,042,400 General administration 2,158,490 - - - 570,415 7,040,641 All other general administration 6,470,226 - - 570,415 7,040,641 Plant services 15,444,514 116,593 - 2,579,931 18,141,038 Facilities acquisition and maintenance 583,437 13,646,840 - 1,193,396 15,423,673 Ancillary services 3,094,264 - - - 3,094,264 Community services 22,500 - - - 22,500 Enterprise activities - - - - 477,366 Debt service - - - - 477,366 Debt service - - - - - 477,366 Debt service - 785 1,334,907 5,725,068 -	Pupil services								
All other pupil services General administration Centralized data processing All other general administration 6,470,226 Flant services 15,444,514 Flant services 11,444,518 Flant services 11,444,514 Flant services 11,444,518 Flant services 11,444,514 Flant services 11,44,514 Flant services 11,44,514 Flant services 11,44,514 Flant	Home-to-school transportation		2,296,447	-		-	-		2,296,447
General administration 2,158,490 - - 2,158,490 Centralized data processing 2,158,490 - - 570,415 7,040,641 All other general administration 6,470,226 - - 570,415 7,040,641 Plant services 15,444,514 116,593 - 2,579,931 18,141,038 Facilities acquisition and maintenance 583,437 13,646,840 - 1,193,396 15,423,673 Ancillary services 3,094,264 - - - 3,094,264 Community services 22,500 - - - 22,500 Enterprise activities - - - 3,224 3,224 Transfers to other agencies 477,366 - - - 477,366 Debt service - - - - 477,366 Debt service - - - - - 477,366 Debt service - - - - - - - <td>Food services</td> <td></td> <td>505,149</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>4,642,273</td> <td></td> <td>5,147,422</td>	Food services		505,149	-		-	4,642,273		5,147,422
Centralized data processing 2,158,490 - - - 2,158,490 All other general administration 6,470,226 - - 570,415 7,040,641 Plant services 15,444,514 116,593 - 2,579,931 18,141,038 Facilities acquisition and maintenance 583,437 13,646,840 - 1,193,396 15,423,673 Ancillary services 3,094,264 - - - - 3,094,264 Community services 22,500 - - - - 22,500 Enterprise activities - - - - 3,224 3,224 Transfers to other agencies 477,366 - - - 477,366 Debt service - - - - 477,366 Interest and other 785 1,334,907 5,725,068 - 7,060,760 Total Expenditures 128,735,771 15,218,340 13,604,819 19,402,836 176,961,766 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	All other pupil services		13,729,704	-		-	312,696		14,042,400
All other general administration 6,470,226 - - 570,415 7,040,641 Plant services 15,444,514 116,593 - 2,579,931 18,141,038 Facilities acquisition and maintenance 583,437 13,646,840 - 1,193,396 15,423,673 Ancillary services 3,094,264 - - - 22,500 Community services 22,500 - - 3,224 3,224 Enterprise activities - - - 22,500 - - - 22,500 Enterprise activities - - - - 22,500 - - - 22,500 Enterprise activities - - - - - 22,500 - - - 22,500 Enterprise activities - - - - - - - 7,060 Debt service - - - - - - - - - <td< td=""><td>General administration</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	General administration								
Plant services 15,444,514 116,593 - 2,579,931 18,141,038 Facilities acquisition and maintenance 583,437 13,646,840 - 1,193,396 15,423,673 Ancillary services 3,094,264 - - - - 3,094,264 Community services 22,500 - - - 22,500 Enterprise activities 2- - - - 3,224 3,224 Transfers to other agencies 477,366 - - - 477,366 Debt service - - - - 477,366 Debt service - - - - 477,366 Debt service - - - - - 477,366 Debt service -	Centralized data processing		2,158,490	-		-	-		2,158,490
Facilities acquisition and maintenance 583,437 13,646,840 - 1,193,396 15,423,673 Ancillary services 3,094,264 - - - 3,094,264 Community services 22,500 - - - - 22,500 Enterprise activities - - - - 3,224 3,224 Transfers to other agencies 477,366 - - - - 477,366 Debt service Principal 236,509 120,000 7,879,751 - 8,236,260 Interest and other 785 1,334,907 5,725,068 - 7,060,760 Total Expenditures 128,735,771 15,218,340 13,604,819 19,402,836 176,961,766 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 5,102,747 (14,097,667) 371,956 1,820,061 (6,802,903) Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 701,187 - 1,000,000 1,701,187 Other sources - 70,1187 - - - 6,2613,717 </td <td>All other general administration</td> <td></td> <td>6,470,226</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>570,415</td> <td></td> <td>7,040,641</td>	All other general administration		6,470,226	-		-	570,415		7,040,641
Ancillary services 3,094,264 3,094,264 Community services 22,500 22,500 Enterprise activities 3,224 3,224 Transfers to other agencies 477,366 3,224 3,224 Transfers to other agencies 477,366 Debt service Principal 236,509 120,000 7,879,751 - 8,236,260 Interest and other 785 1,334,907 5,725,068 - 7,060,760 Total Expenditures 128,735,771 15,218,340 13,604,819 19,402,836 176,961,766 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 5,102,747 (14,097,667) 371,956 1,820,061 (6,802,903) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in - 701,187 - 1,000,000 1,701,187 Other sources - 56,655,720 5,957,997 - 62,613,717 Transfers out (1,701,187) (1,701,187) Net Financing Sources (Uses) (1,701,187) 57,356,907 5,957,997 1,000,000 62,613,717 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 3,401,560 43,259,240 6,329,953 2,820,061 55,810,814 Fund Balance - Beginning 41,873,561 32,562,145 2,677,720 21,742,275 98,855,701	Plant services			116,593		-	2,579,931		18,141,038
Community services 22,500 - - - 22,500 Enterprise activities - - - 3,224 3,224 Transfers to other agencies 477,366 - - - 477,366 Debt service - - - - 477,366 Principal 236,509 120,000 7,879,751 - 8,236,260 Interest and other 785 1,334,907 5,725,068 - 7,060,760 Total Expenditures 128,735,771 15,218,340 13,604,819 19,402,836 176,961,766 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 5,102,747 (14,097,667) 371,956 1,820,061 (6,802,903) Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 701,187 - 1,000,000 1,701,187 Other sources - 701,187 - - 62,613,717 Transfers out (1,701,187) - - - (1,701,187) Net Financing Sources (Uses) (1,701,187) 57,356,907 5,957,997	Facilities acquisition and maintenance		583,437	13,646,840		-	1,193,396		15,423,673
Enterprise activities - - - - 3,224 3,224 Transfers to other agencies 477,366 - - - - 477,366 Debt service Principal 236,509 120,000 7,879,751 - 8,236,260 Interest and other 785 1,334,907 5,725,068 - 7,060,760 Total Expenditures 128,735,771 15,218,340 13,604,819 19,402,836 176,961,766 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 5,102,747 (14,097,667) 371,956 1,820,061 (6,802,903) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in - 701,187 - 1,000,000 1,701,187 Other sources - 56,655,720 5,957,997 - 62,613,717 Transfers out (1,701,187) - - - (1,701,187) Net Financing Sources (Uses) (1,701,187) 57,356,907 5,957,997 1,000,000 62,613,717 NET CHANGE IN	Ancillary services		3,094,264	-		-	-		3,094,264
Transfers to other agencies 477,366 - - - 477,366 Debt service Principal 236,509 120,000 7,879,751 - 8,236,260 Interest and other 785 1,334,907 5,725,068 - 7,060,760 Total Expenditures 128,735,771 15,218,340 13,604,819 19,402,836 176,961,766 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 5,102,747 (14,097,667) 371,956 1,820,061 (6,802,903) Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 701,187 - 1,000,000 1,701,187 Other sources - 70,1187 - 1,000,000 1,701,187 Transfers out (1,701,187) - - - - (1,701,187) Net Financing Sources (Uses) (1,701,187) 57,356,907 5,957,997 1,000,000 62,613,717 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 3,401,560 43,259,240 6,329,953 2,820,061 55,810,814 Fund Balance - Beginning <t< td=""><td>Community services</td><td></td><td>22,500</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>,</td></t<>	Community services		22,500	-		-	-		,
Debt service Principal 236,509 120,000 7,879,751 - 8,236,260 Interest and other 785 1,334,907 5,725,068 - 7,060,760 Total Expenditures 128,735,771 15,218,340 13,604,819 19,402,836 176,961,766 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 5,102,747 (14,097,667) 371,956 1,820,061 (6,802,903) Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 701,187 - 1,000,000 1,701,187 Other sources - 56,655,720 5,957,997 - 62,613,717 Transfers out (1,701,187) - - - (1,701,187) Net Financing Sources (Uses) (1,701,187) 57,356,907 5,957,997 1,000,000 62,613,717 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 3,401,560 43,259,240 6,329,953 2,820,061 55,810,814 Fund Balance - Beginning 41,873,561 32,562,145 2,677,720 21,742,275 98,855,701			-	-		-	3,224		3,224
Principal 236,509 120,000 7,879,751 - 8,236,260 Interest and other 785 1,334,907 5,725,068 - 7,060,760 Total Expenditures 128,735,771 15,218,340 13,604,819 19,402,836 176,961,766 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 5,102,747 (14,097,667) 371,956 1,820,061 (6,802,903) Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 701,187 - 1,000,000 1,701,187 Other sources - 56,655,720 5,957,997 - 62,613,717 Transfers out (1,701,187) - - - (1,701,187) Net Financing Sources (Uses) (1,701,187) 57,356,907 5,957,997 1,000,000 62,613,717 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 3,401,560 43,259,240 6,329,953 2,820,061 55,810,814 Fund Balance - Beginning 41,873,561 32,562,145 2,677,720 21,742,275 98,855,701	Transfers to other agencies		477,366	-		-	-		477,366
Interest and other 785 1,334,907 5,725,068 - 7,060,760 Total Expenditures 128,735,771 15,218,340 13,604,819 19,402,836 176,961,766 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 5,102,747 (14,097,667) 371,956 1,820,061 (6,802,903) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 701,187 - 1,000,000 1,701,187 Other sources 701,187 701,187 701,187 Other sources 701,187 701,187 701,187 Other sources 701,187 701,187 701,187 701,187 701,187 Other sources 701,187 701,187 701,187 701,187 701,187 701,187 701,187 Other sources 701,187 7	Debt service								
Total Expenditures 128,735,771 15,218,340 13,604,819 19,402,836 176,961,766 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 5,102,747 (14,097,667) 371,956 1,820,061 (6,802,903) Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 701,187 - 1,000,000 1,701,187 Other sources - 56,655,720 5,957,997 - 62,613,717 Transfers out (1,701,187) - 57,356,907 5,957,997 1,000,000 62,613,717 Net Financing Sources (Uses) (1,701,187) 57,356,907 5,957,997 1,000,000 62,613,717 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 3,401,560 43,259,240 6,329,953 2,820,061 55,810,814 Fund Balance - Beginning 41,873,561 32,562,145 2,677,720 21,742,275 98,855,701	Principal		236,509	120,000		7,879,751	-		8,236,260
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 5,102,747 (14,097,667) 371,956 1,820,061 (6,802,903) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in - 701,187 - 1,000,000 1,701,187 Other sources - 56,655,720 5,957,997 - 62,613,717 Transfers out (1,701,187) - - - (1,701,187) Net Financing Sources (Uses) (1,701,187) 57,356,907 5,957,997 1,000,000 62,613,717 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 3,401,560 43,259,240 6,329,953 2,820,061 55,810,814 Fund Balance - Beginning 41,873,561 32,562,145 2,677,720 21,742,275 98,855,701	Interest and other			1,334,907		5,725,068	-		7,060,760
Over Expenditures 5,102,747 (14,097,667) 371,956 1,820,061 (6,802,903) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in - 701,187 - 1,000,000 1,701,187 Other sources - 56,655,720 5,957,997 - 62,613,717 Transfers out (1,701,187) - - - (1,701,187) Net Financing Sources (Uses) (1,701,187) 57,356,907 5,957,997 1,000,000 62,613,717 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 3,401,560 43,259,240 6,329,953 2,820,061 55,810,814 Fund Balance - Beginning 41,873,561 32,562,145 2,677,720 21,742,275 98,855,701	Total Expenditures		128,735,771	15,218,340		13,604,819	19,402,836		176,961,766
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in - 701,187 - 1,000,000 1,701,187 Other sources - 56,655,720 5,957,997 - 62,613,717 Transfers out (1,701,187) - - - - (1,701,187) Net Financing Sources (Uses) (1,701,187) 57,356,907 5,957,997 1,000,000 62,613,717 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 3,401,560 43,259,240 6,329,953 2,820,061 55,810,814 Fund Balance - Beginning 41,873,561 32,562,145 2,677,720 21,742,275 98,855,701	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Transfers in Other sources - 701,187 - 1,000,000 1,701,187 Other sources - 56,655,720 5,957,997 - 62,613,717 Transfers out Net Financing Sources (Uses) (1,701,187) - - - - (1,701,187) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE Fund Balance - Beginning 3,401,560 43,259,240 6,329,953 2,820,061 55,810,814 Fund Balance - Beginning 41,873,561 32,562,145 2,677,720 21,742,275 98,855,701			5,102,747	(14,097,667))	371,956	1,820,061		(6,802,903)
Other sources - 56,655,720 5,957,997 - 62,613,717 Transfers out (1,701,187) - - - - (1,701,187) Net Financing Sources (Uses) (1,701,187) 57,356,907 5,957,997 1,000,000 62,613,717 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 3,401,560 43,259,240 6,329,953 2,820,061 55,810,814 Fund Balance - Beginning 41,873,561 32,562,145 2,677,720 21,742,275 98,855,701	Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out Net Financing Sources (Uses) (1,701,187) - - - - - (1,701,187) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE Fund Balance - Beginning 3,401,560 43,259,240 6,329,953 2,820,061 55,810,814 2,677,720 21,742,275 98,855,701	Transfers in		-	,		-	1,000,000		1,701,187
Net Financing Sources (Uses) (1,701,187) 57,356,907 5,957,997 1,000,000 62,613,717 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE Fund Balance - Beginning 3,401,560 43,259,240 6,329,953 2,820,061 55,810,814 41,873,561 32,562,145 2,677,720 21,742,275 98,855,701	Other sources		-	56,655,720		5,957,997	-		62,613,717
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 3,401,560 43,259,240 6,329,953 2,820,061 55,810,814 Fund Balance - Beginning 41,873,561 32,562,145 2,677,720 21,742,275 98,855,701	Transfers out			-		-	-		
Fund Balance - Beginning 41,873,561 32,562,145 2,677,720 21,742,275 98,855,701	Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,701,187)	57,356,907		5,957,997	1,000,000		62,613,717
Fund Balance - Beginning 41,873,561 32,562,145 2,677,720 21,742,275 98,855,701	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		3.401.560	43.259.240		6.329.953	2.820.061		55.810.814
		\$, ,	\$, ,	\$	

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 55,810,814

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital outlay:

In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay: \$ 15,211,281

Depreciation expense: (7,809,320) 7,401,961

Debt service:

In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

9,191,509

Debt proceeds:

In governmental funds, proceeds from debt are recognized as Other Financing Sources. In the government-wide statements, proceeds from debt are reported as increases to liabilities. Amounts recognized in governmental funds as proceeds from debt, net of issue premium or discount, were:

(62,613,717)

Deferred amounts on refunding:

In governmental funds, deferred amounts on refunding are recognized in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, the deferred amounts on refunding are amortized over the life of the debt. The net effect of the deferred amounts on refunding during the period was:

(340,547)

Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:

(133,113)

(continued on next page)

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF

ACTIVITIES, continued

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Accreted interest on long-te

In governmental funds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded as an expenditure from current sources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, this is recorded as interest expense for the period.

(2,491,832)

Compensated absences:

In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:

27,712

Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB):

In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer OPEB contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was:

(658, 334)

Pensions:

In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made, in the government-wide statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and employer contributions was:

(7,837,802)

Other liabilities not normally liquidated with current financial resources:

In the government-wide statements, expenses must be accrued in connection with any liabilities incurred during the period that are not expected to be liquidated with current financial resources. Examples include special termination benefits such as retirement incentives financed over time, and structured legal settlements. This year, expenses incurred for such obligations were:

292,531

Amortization of debt issuance premium or discount:

In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:

1,498,571

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 147,753

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

		Agency Funds									
	Warrant/Pass-			ident Body							
	thro	ough Fund		Fund							
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$	686,367	\$	924,929							
Accounts receivable		12,159									
Total Assets	\$	698,526	\$	924,929							
LIABILITIES											
Accrued liabilities	\$	698,525	\$	-							
Due to student groups		-		924,929							
Total Liabilities	\$	698,525	\$	924,929							

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The El Monte Union High School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades 9-12 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has no such component units.

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. <u>Basis of Presentation (continued)</u>

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee or agency capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund: The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

Building Fund: This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code Section* 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code Section* 17462) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code Section* 41003).

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund: This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds: Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

Adult Education Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues for adult education programs. Money in this fund shall be expended for adult education purposes only. Moneys received for programs other than adult education shall not be expended for adult education (*Education Code Sections* 52616[b] and 52501.5[a]).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. <u>Basis of Presentation (continued)</u>

Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)

Special Revenue Funds (continued)

Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

Deferred Maintenance Fund: This fund is used to account separately for state apportionments and the District's contributions for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code Sections* 17582–17587). In addition, whenever the state funds provided pursuant to *Education Code Sections* 17584 and 17585 (apportionments from the State Allocation Board) are insufficient to fully match the local funds deposited in this fund, the governing board of a school district may transfer the excess local funds deposited in this fund to any other expenditure classifications in other funds of the District (*Education Code Sections* 17582 and 17583).

Capital Project Funds: Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Capital Facilities Fund: This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects: This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code Section* 42840).

Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds: Agency funds are used to account for assets held in an agent capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs.

Warrant/Pass-Through Fund: This fund exists primarily to account separately for amounts collected from employees for federal taxes, state taxes, transfers to credit unions, and other contributions.

Student Body Fund: The Student Body Fund is an agency fund and, therefore, consists only of accounts such as cash and balancing liability accounts, such as due to student groups. The student body itself maintains its own general fund, which accounts for the transactions of that entity in raising and expending money to promote the general welfare, morale, and educational experiences of the student body (*Education Code Sections* 48930–48938).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide and Fiduciary Financial Statements

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Governmental Funds

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost on the weighted average basis and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position</u> (continued)

Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class
Buildings
Improvements
Equipment

Estimated Useful Life

20 to 50 years 5 to 50 years 2 to 15 years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date July 1, 2018 Measurement Date July 1, 2018

Measurement Period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans (the Plans) of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body, and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Fund Balance (continued)

Unassigned - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

I. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

J. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 84 - In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. This standard's primary objective is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 87 - In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases. This standard's primary objective is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The District has not determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 88 - In April 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. This standard's primary objective is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 88 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Summary of Cash and Investments

	Governmental			Fiduciary
		Activities		Funds
Investment in county treasury	\$	161,240,493	\$	-
Cash on hand and in banks		-		1,611,296
Cash in revolving fund		35,300		
Total cash and investments	\$	161,275,793	\$	1,611,296

B. Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

Investment in County Treasury - The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with Education Code Section 41001. The Los Angeles County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
	Remaining	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of approximately \$161,771,538 and an amortized book value of \$161,240,493. The average weighted maturity for this pool is 547 days.

E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated. As of June 30, 2019, the pooled investments in the County Treasury were not rated.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

F. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2019, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

G. Fair Value

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the Los Angeles County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Investment in county treasury

Total fair market value of investments

Uncategorized

\$ 161,771,538

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

	Ge	neral Fund	Bui	ilding Fund	Non-Major overnmental Funds	 Total vernmental Activities	Total	Fiduciary
Federal Government								
Categorical aid	\$	2,110,417	\$	-	\$ 1,365,622	\$ 3,476,039	\$	-
State Government								
Categorical aid		276,343		-	838,919	1,115,262		_
Lottery		361,795		-	-	361,795		_
Local Government								
Other local sources		616,173		293,471	137,180	1,046,824		12,159
Total	\$	3,364,728	\$	293,471	\$ 2,341,721	\$ 5,999,920	\$	12,159

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

		Balance					Balance
	Jı	uly 01, 2018	Additions		Deletions	June 30, 2019	
Governmental Activities							_
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$	9,439,111	\$ -	\$	-	\$	9,439,111
Construction in progress		16,805,443	14,683,112		2,719,860		28,768,695
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		26,244,554	14,683,112		2,719,860		38,207,806
Capital assets being depreciated							_
Land improvements		5,971,385	-		-		5,971,385
Buildings & improvements		268,602,091	2,719,860		-		271,321,951
Furniture & equipment		23,201,918	528,169		-		23,730,087
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		297,775,394	3,248,029		-		301,023,423
Less Accumulated Depreciation							_
Land improvements		4,500,519	113,350		-		4,613,869
Buildings & improvements		89,140,684	6,558,563		-		95,699,247
Furniture & equipment		17,377,063	1,137,407		-		18,514,470
Total Accumulated Depreciation		111,018,266	7,809,320		-		118,827,586
Governmental Activities	-						
Capital Assets, net	\$	213,001,682	\$ 10,121,821	\$	2,719,860	\$	220,403,643

Depreciation expense was charged as a direct expense to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Instruction	\$ 7,028,388
Home-to-school transportation	234,281
All other general administration	312,372
Plant services	234,279
Total depreciation expense	\$ 7,809,320

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Operating Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019 consisted of the General Fund transferring \$1,000,000 to the Non-Major Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects to fund bus replacements, and \$701,187 from the General Fund to the Building Fund for cash flow purposes.

NOTE 6 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

					Non-Major overnmental		C	Total Sovernmental		
	Ge	neral Fund	В	uilding Fund	Funds	District-Wide		Activities	Tota	al Fiduciary_
Payroll	\$	1,957,747	\$	4,422	\$ 295,190	\$ -	\$	2,257,359	\$	-
Construction		-		317,015	95,541	-		412,556		-
Vendors payable		8,039,531		-	687,721	-		8,727,252		698,525
Unmatured interest		-		-	-	793,093		793,093		-
Total	\$	9,997,278	\$	321,437	\$ 1,078,452	\$ 793,093	\$	12,190,260	\$	698,525

NOTE 7 – UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

	General Fund				
Federal sources	\$	78,964			
State categorical sources		1,449,926			
Total	\$	1,528,890			

NOTE 8- LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

	Balance July 01, 2018		Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2019			Balance Due In One Year			
Governmental Activities											
General obligation bonds	\$	149,642,849	\$ 58,921,832	\$ 8,835,000	\$	199,729,681	\$	13,525,459			
Unamortized premium		14,086,745	6,183,717	1,503,466		18,766,996		1,297,343			
Unamortized discount		(117,483)	-	(4,895)		(112,588)		(4,895)			
Total general obligation bonds		163,612,111	65,105,549	10,333,571		218,384,089		14,817,907			
Lease purchase agreement		10,865,000	-	120,000		10,745,000		200,000			
Capital leases		236,509	-	236,509		-		-			
Early retirement incentive		1,170,124	-	292,531		877,593		292,531			
Compensated absences		1,140,148	-	27,712		1,112,436		-			
Total OPEB liability		22,791,413	2,790,525	-		25,581,938		-			
Net pension liability		123,787,229	13,202,504	-		136,989,733		-			
Total	\$	323,602,534	\$ 81,098,578	\$ 11,010,323	\$	393,690,789	\$	15,310,438			

- Payments for general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.
- Payments for the lease purchase agreement are made in the Building Fund.
- Payments for capital leases are made in the General Fund.
- Payments for early retirement incentive are made in the General Fund.
- Payments for compensated absences are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds.

A. General Obligation Bonds

The outstanding general obligation bonds are as follows:

						Bonds						Bonds	
	Issue Maturity		Interest	Original		Outstanding					C	Outstanding	
Series	Date	Date	Rate	ate Issue		July 01, 2018		Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2019	
Election 2008, Series A	June 2, 2009	June 1, 2034	4.75% - 9.50%	\$ 54,001,305	\$	1,417,138	\$	137,862	\$	1,555,000	\$	-	
Election 2008, Series B	August 9, 2012	June 1, 2042	1.68% - 7.00%	30,337,787		41,075,442		2,295,042		95,000		43,275,484	
2015 Refunding	September 2, 2015	June 1, 2032	2.00% - 5.25%	27,195,000		26,125,000		-		295,000		25,830,000	
2016 Refunding - Delayed Delivery	March 4, 2016	June 1, 2021	3.00% - 5.00%	28,755,000		17,110,000		-		6,345,000		10,765,000	
Election 2008, Series C	March 16, 2016	June 1, 2022	2.00% - 4.00%	5,260,000		4,465,000		-		300,000		4,165,000	
2016 Refunding	March 16, 2016	June 1, 2034	2.00% - 5.00%	49,545,000		48,525,000		-		-		48,525,000	
Election 2008, Series D	November 2, 2017	June 1, 2043	3.00% - 4.16%	10,895,098		10,925,269		58,928		245,000		10,739,197	
Election 2018, Series A	May 7, 2019	June 1, 2049	4.00% - 5.00%	56,430,000		-		56,430,000		-		56,430,000	
					\$	149,642,849	\$	58,921,832	\$	8,835,000	\$	199,729,681	

Election of 2008, Series A

On June 2, 2009, the District issued \$54,001,305 of Series A General Obligation Bonds. The bonds mature beginning on June 1, 2011, through June 1, 2034, with interest yields ranging from 4.75 to 9.50 percent. The Series A bonds were issued as both current interest bonds and capital appreciation bonds, with the value of the capital appreciation bonds accreting \$3,593,695, and an aggregate principal debt service balance of \$57,595,000. The Series A General Obligation bonds were issued for the purpose of financing the construction and renovation of school facilities. The District received net proceeds of \$55,094,350 (including a premium of \$2,503,000 and payment of \$1,409,955 for issuance costs). At June 30, 2019, the Series A General Obligation Bonds had no principal balance outstanding. A portion of the bonds were early refunded with the 2016 Refunding Bonds.

NOTE 8- LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

A. General Obligation Bonds (continued)

Election of 2008, Series B

On August 09, 2012, the District issued \$30,337,787 of Series B General Obligation Bonds, with interest rates ranging from 1.68 to 7.00 percent, to pay off \$30,200,000 of outstanding 2011 Bond Anticipation Notes. The bonds mature beginning on June 1, 2013, through June 1, 2042. The Series B bonds were issued as both current interest bonds and capital appreciation bonds, with the value of the capital appreciation bonds accreting \$85,502,044 and an aggregate principal debt service balance of \$115,839,830. The District received net proceeds of \$31,435,667 (including a premium of \$1,789,819 and payment of \$691,938 for issuance costs). At June 30, 2019, the Series B General Obligation Bonds principal balance outstanding was \$43,275,484 and unamortized premium was \$1,357,793.

2015 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

On September 2, 2015, the District issued \$27,195,000 in 2015 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, with interest rates ranging from 2.00 to 5.25 percent, to currently refund the District's outstanding Election of 2002, Series A General Obligation Bonds, advance refund a portion of the District's outstanding Election of 2002, Series C General Obligation Bonds, and pay the costs of issuance of the 2015 bonds. The 2015 General Obligation Refunding Bonds were issued as current interest bonds and have a final maturity date of June 1, 2032. The District received net proceeds of \$30,699,885 (including a premium of \$3,504,885 and a payment of \$230,650 in underwriter fees, insurance, and other issuance costs).

The net proceeds received for the 2015 General Obligation Refunding Bonds were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for debt service payments on the Election of 2002, Series A General Obligation Bonds that were currently refunded and future debt service payments on the Election of 2002, Series C General Obligation Bonds that were advance refunded. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased, and the related liability for the bonds has been removed from the District's financial statements. Amounts paid to the refunded bond escrow agent in excess of the outstanding debt at the time of payment are recorded as deferred charges on refunding on the statement of net position and are amortized as an expense over the life of the bond. Deferred outflows on refunding of \$1,266,419 remain to be amortized. This refunding reduced total debt service payments by \$3,395,588 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$2,461,338. At June 30, 2019, the 2015 General Obligation Refunding Bonds principal balance outstanding was \$25,830,000 and unamortized premium was \$2,680,206.

2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds - Delayed Delivery

On March 4, 2016, the District issued \$28,755,000 in 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds – Delayed Delivery, with interest rates ranging from 3.00 to 5.00 percent, to currently refund the District's outstanding 2006 General Obligation Refunding Bonds and pay the costs of issuance of the 2016 bonds. The 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds - Delayed Delivery were issued as current interest bonds and have a final maturity date of June 1, 2021. The District received net proceeds of \$31,388,265 (including a premium of \$2,633,265 and a payment of \$239,421 in underwriter fees, insurance, and other issuance costs).

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NOTE 8- LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

A. General Obligation Bonds (continued)

2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds – Delayed Delivery (continued)

The net proceeds received for the 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds – Delayed Delivery were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for debt service payments on the 2006 General Obligation Refunding Bonds that were currently refunded. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased, and the related liability for the bonds has been removed from the District's financial statements. Amounts paid to the refunded bond escrow agent in excess of the outstanding debt at the time of payment are recorded as deferred charges on refunding on the statement of net position and are amortized as an expense over the life of the bond. Deferred inflows on refunding of \$687,699 remain to be amortized. This refunding reduced total debt service payments by \$3,322,181 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$2,970,446. At June 30, 2019, the 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds – Delayed Delivery principal balance outstanding was \$10,765,000 and unamortized premium was \$877,755.

Election of 2008, Series C

On March 16, 2016, the District issued \$5,260,000 of Election of 2008, Series C General Obligation Bonds, with interest rates ranging from 2.00 to 4.00 percent, to finance the renovation, construction, and improvement of school facilities. The bonds mature beginning on June 1, 2017, through June 1, 2022. The Series C bonds were issued as current interest bonds. The District received net proceeds of \$5,834,591 (including a premium of \$574,591 and payment of \$60,481 for issuance costs). At June 30, 2019, the Series C General Obligation Bonds principal balance outstanding was \$4,165,000 and unamortized premium was \$246,253.

2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

On March 16, 2016, the District issued \$49,545,000 in 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, with interest rates ranging from 2.00 to 5.00 percent, to advance refund the District's outstanding a portion of the Election of 2008, Series A General Obligation Bonds and pay the costs of issuance of the 2016 bonds. The 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds were issued as current interest bonds and have a final maturity date of June 1, 2034. The District received net proceeds of \$57,224,825 (including a premium of \$7,679,825 and a payment of \$369,908 in underwriter fees, insurance, and other issuance costs).

The net proceeds received for the 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for debt service payments on the Election of 2008, Series A General Obligation Bonds that were advance refunded. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased, and the related liability for the bonds has been removed from the District's financial statements. Amounts paid to the refunded bond escrow agent in excess of the outstanding debt at the time of payment are recorded as deferred charges on refunding on the statement of net position and are amortized as an expense over the life of the bond. Deferred inflows on refunding of \$6,977,290 remain to be amortized. This refunding reduced total debt service payments by \$9,812,075 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$6,527,937. At June 30, 2019, the 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds principal balance outstanding was \$48,525,000 and unamortized premium was \$6,063,020.

NOTE 8- LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

A. General Obligation Bonds (continued)

Election of 2008, Series D

On November 2, 2017, the District issued \$10,895,098 of Election of 2008, Series D General Obligation Bonds, with interest rates ranging from 3.00 to 4.16 percent, to finance the renovation, construction, and improvement of school facilities. The bonds mature beginning on June 1, 2019 through June 1, 2043. The Series D bonds were issued as both current interest bonds and capital appreciation bonds, with the value of the capital appreciation bonds accreting \$1,754,902, and an aggregate principal debt service balance of \$12,650,000. The District received net proceeds of \$10,772,720 (including a discount of \$122,378 and payment of \$244,923 for issuance costs). At June 30, 2019, the Series D General Obligation Bonds principal balance outstanding was \$10,739,197 and unamortized discount was \$112,588.

Election of 2018, Series A

On May 7, 2019, the District issued \$56,430,000 of Election of 2018, Series A General Obligation Bonds, with interest rates ranging from 4.00 to 5.00 percent, to finance the renovation, construction, and improvement of school facilities. The bonds mature beginning on June 1, 2020 through June 1, 2049. The Series A bonds were issued as current interest bonds. The District received net proceeds of \$62,613,717 (including a premium of \$6,183,717). At June 30, 2019, the Series D General Obligation Bonds principal balance outstanding was \$56,430,000 and unamortized premium was \$6,183,717.

The general obligation bonds mature through 2049 as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal		Interest	Total		
2020	\$	13,525,459	\$ 6,949,136	\$	20,474,595	
2021		12,355,216	6,427,853		18,783,069	
2022		8,047,627	5,998,192		14,045,819	
2023		4,617,197	5,799,022		10,416,219	
2024		5,011,882	5,692,837		10,704,719	
2025 - 2029		32,175,263	26,776,418		58,951,681	
2030 - 2034		42,500,956	22,920,669		65,421,625	
2035 - 2039		19,234,923	52,407,446		71,642,369	
2040 - 2044		28,937,707	39,600,806		68,538,513	
2045 - 2049		20,000,000	3,184,750		23,184,750	
Accretion		13,323,451	(13,323,451)			
Total	\$	199,729,681	\$ 162,433,678	\$	362,163,359	

NOTE 8- LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

B. <u>Lease Purchase Agreement</u>

On December 1, 2017, the District entered into a lease purchase agreement with the Public Property Financing Corporation of California in order to finance the acquisition, construction and installation of solar photovoltaic systems at Arroyo High School, Mountain View High School, Rosemead High School, South El Monte High School, and Rosemead Adult School. Semi-annual payments are due August 1, 2018 through August 1, 2042 with a stated interest rate of 4.90%. Future lease payments are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2020	\$ 200,000	\$ 523,688	\$	723,688	
2021	195,000	514,378		709,378	
2022	205,000	504,700		709,700	
2023	240,000	494,288		734,288	
2024	260,000	482,283		742,283	
2025 - 2029	1,660,000	2,193,363		3,853,363	
2030 - 2034	2,345,000	1,713,775		4,058,775	
2035 - 2039	3,130,000	1,051,173		4,181,173	
2040 - 2044	 2,510,000	247,450		2,757,450	
Total	\$ 10,745,000	\$ 7,725,098	\$	18,470,098	

C. Capital Leases

The District has entered into various capital lease agreements for photocopiers. As of June 30, 2019, the capital lease agreements were paid in full.

D. Early Retirement Incentive

During the 2016-17 school year, the District adopted a supplemental early retirement plan whereby certain eligible employees are provided an annuity to supplement the retirement benefits they are entitled to through the California State Teachers' Retirement System and the California Public Employees' Retirement System. The annuities offered to the employees are to be paid over a five-year period. As of June 30, 2019, remaining obligation is as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	P	Payment				
2020	\$	292,531				
2021		292,531				
2022		292,531				
Total payments	\$	877,593				

NOTE 8- LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

E. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2019 amounted to \$1,112,436. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

F. Other Postemployment Benefits

The District's restated beginning total OPEB liability was \$22,791,413 and increased by \$2,790,525 during the year ended June 30, 2019. The ending total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was \$25,581,938. See Note 10 for additional information regarding the total OPEB liability.

G. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability was \$123,787,229 and increased by \$13,202,504 during the year ended June 30, 2019. The ending net pension liability at June 30, 2019 was \$136,989,733. See Note 11 for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

NOTE 9 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2019:

					В	Sond Interest &	Non-Major overnmental	G	Total overnmental
	Gei	neral Fund	Build	ing Fund	Re	edemption Fund	Funds		Funds
Non-spendable									
Revolving cash	\$	30,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 5,300	\$	35,300
Stores inventory		131,921		-		-	184,938		316,859
Total non-spendable		161,921		-		-	190,238		352,159
Restricted									
Educational programs		1,656,187		-		-	9,593,944		11,250,131
Capital projects		-		75,821,385		-	6,705,507		82,526,892
Debt service		-		-		9,007,673	-		9,007,673
All others	-	-		-		-	954,444		954,444
Total restricted		1,656,187		75,821,385		9,007,673	17,253,895		103,739,140
Committed									
Deferred Maintenance		-		-		-	7,118,203		7,118,203
Total committed		-		-		-	7,118,203		7,118,203
Assigned									
Other assignments		18,511,109		-		-	-		18,511,109
Postemployment benefits		2,967,061		-		-	-		2,967,061
Total assigned		21,478,170		-		-	-		21,478,170
Unassigned									
Reserve for economic uncertainties		21,978,843		-		-	-		21,978,843
Total unassigned		21,978,843		-		-	-		21,978,843
Total	\$	45,275,121	\$	75,821,385	\$	9,007,673	\$ 24,562,336	\$	154,666,515

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than three percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

A. Plan Description

The El Monte Union High School District's defined benefit OPEB plan, El Monte Union High School District Retiree Benefit Plan (the Plan) is described below. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Employees and retirees may choose from a United HealthCare PPO, a United HealthCare HMO, and a Kaiser HMO under the Southern California Schools VEBA. Dental and vision benefits have been extended to all new retirees beginning on July 1, 2009 and are 100% District-paid regardless of tier.

Upon attainment of age 55 and completion of at least 12 years of continuous District service, all employees including Classified, Certificated, Management, or non-represented, may retire and receive a District-paid contribution towards medical/prescription drug coverage, subject to making any required retiree contributions. Classified employees must have regularly worked at least 4 hours daily to be eligible. CSEA members hired on or after October 1, 1982, who regularly worked between 4 and 5 1/2 hours per day, will receive 50% of the full District contribution, and those who regularly worked between 6 and 7 1/2 hours per day will receive 75% of the full District contribution. Benefits end at age 65. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB statement 75.

B. Contributions

The contribution requirements of Plan members and the El Monte Union High School District are established and may be amended by the El Monte Union High School District. For fiscal year 2018-19, the District contributed \$993,692 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums.

C. Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following:

	Number of participants
Inactive employees receiving benefits	59
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits*	-
Participating active employees	827
Total number of participants**	886

^{*}Information not provided

^{**}As of the July 1, 2018 valuation date

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

D. Total OPEB Liability

The El Monte Union High School District's total OPEB liability of \$25,581,938 was measured as of June 30, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018.

E. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Economic assumptions:

Inflation4.00%Salary increases3.00%Investment rate of return4.00%Healthcare cost trend rates6.00%

Non-economic assumptions:

Mortality:

Pre-retirement RP-2014 Employee Mortality
Post-retirement RP-2014 Healthy Annuity Mortality

Retirement rates:

Age	Percent
	Retiring*
55	6.0
56	7.0
57	8.0
58	10.0
59	12.0
60	15.0
61	18.0
62	20.0
63	25.0
64	30.0
65+	100.0

^{*} Of those having met the eligibility for District-paid benefits. The percentage refers to the probability that an active employee reaching the stated age will retire within the following year.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of plan experience during the period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019.

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20 Bond Index. The actuary assumed contributions would be sufficient to fully fund the obligation over a period not to exceed thirty years.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

F. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Ju	ine 30, 2019
Total OPEB Liability		
Service Cost	\$	1,095,821
Interest on total OPEB liability		891,978
Changes of assumptions		1,796,418
Benefits payments		(993,692)
Net change in total OPEB liability		2,790,525
Total OPEB liability - beginning		22,791,413
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	25,581,938
Covered-employee payroll	\$	76,624,345
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee		33%

G. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the El Monte Union High School District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.1 percent) or one percentage point higher (4.1 percent) than the current discount rate:

			,	Valuation			
	19	% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1	1% Increase	
		(2.1%)		(3.1%)	(4.1%)		
Total OPEB liability	\$	27,784,929	\$	25,581,938	\$	23,527,178	

H. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the EI Monte Union High School District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower (4.5 percent) or one percentage point higher (6.5 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	Valuation Trend							
	19	% Decrease		Rate	1% Increase			
		(4.5%)		(5.5%)	(6.5%)			
Total OPEB liability	\$	22,584,711	\$	25,581,938	\$	29,102,654		

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

I. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the El Monte Union High School District recognized OPEB expense of \$(658,334). At June 30, 2019, the El Monte Union High School District reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$ 1,582,559
to the measurement date	 549,632
	\$ 2,132,191

The \$549,632 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Def	erred Outflows
Year Ended June 30,		of Resources
2020	\$	213,859
2021		213,859
2022		213,859
2023		213,859
2024		213,859
2025		213,859
2026		213,859
2027		85,546
	\$	1,582,559

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

		Net pension		Deferred		erred inflows				
	N			Net pension		Net pension outflows relate		flows related	r	elated to
		liability	to pensions		pensions		Pension expense			
STRS Pension	\$	91,392,124	\$	28,770,604	\$	9,035,614	\$	10,967,351		
PERS Pension		45,597,609		13,062,477		32,101		9,295,198		
Total	\$	136,989,733	\$	41,833,081	\$	9,067,715	\$	20,262,549		

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

Benefits Provided

The CalSTRS defined benefit plan has two benefit formulas:

- 1. CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.
- 2. CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Contributions

Active plan CalSTRS 2% at 60 and 2% at 62 members are required to contribute 10.25% and 10.205% of their salary for fiscal year 2019, respectively, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2019 was 16.28% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$8,494,779 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

On-Behalf Payments

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$8,342,335 to CalSTRS, which included a supplemental contribution for fiscal year 2019 due to California Senate Bill No. 90.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability	\$ 91,392,124
State's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the District	52,326,522
Total	\$ 143,718,646

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2018. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.099 percent, which was an increase of 0.007 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$10,967,351. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$1,784,318 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 erred Inflows Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$	-	\$ 3,519,174
Differences between expected and actual experience		283,403	1,327,522
Changes in assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and		14,197,516	-
proportionate share of contributions District contributions subsequent		5,794,906	4,188,918
to the measurement date		8,494,779	-
	\$	28,770,604	\$ 9,035,614

The \$8,494,779 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows		Defe	erred Inflows								
Year Ended June 30,	of Resources		of Resources		of Resources		of Resources		of Resources		of	Resources
2020	\$	3,970,169	\$	452,675								
2021		3,970,169		1,773,782								
2022		3,970,167		4,174,383								
2023		3,753,836		1,806,524								
2024		3,753,835		814,658								
2025		857,649		13,592								
	\$	20,275,825	\$	9,035,614								

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return*	7.10%
Wage Inflation	3.50%

^{*} Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on MP-2016 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010–June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance–PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in February 2017 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each future valuation, CalSTRS consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometrically-linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2018, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Global Equity	47%	6.30%
Fixed Income	12%	0.30%
Real Estate	13%	5.20%
Private Equity	13%	9.30%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	9%	2.90%
Inflation Sensitive	4%	3.80%
Cash/Liquidity	2%	-1.00%
	100%	

^{*20-}year geometric average

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point

higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current Discount Rate (7.10%)		1%
	 Decrease (6.10%)			Increase (8.10%)
District's proportionate share of	_			
the net pension liability	\$ 133,878,767	\$	91,392,124	\$ 56,166,574

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

Benefits Provided

The benefits for the defined benefit plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

Contributions

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013, are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 7.0% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employer is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member's contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2019 was 18.062% of annual payroll. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$3,929,968 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

On-Behalf Payments

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalPERS for K-12 education. These payments consisted of state general fund contributions of approximately \$1,545,930 to CalPERS for fiscal year 2019 due to California Senate Bill No. 90.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$45,597,609 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2018. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.171 percent, which was a decrease of 0.008 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$9,295,198. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ 374,003	\$	-	
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	2,989,212		-	
Changes in assumptions	4,552,720		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions	1,216,574		32,101	
District contributions subsequent				
to the measurement date	3,929,968		-	
	\$ 13,062,477	\$	32,101	

The \$3,929,968 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		red Inflows esources
2020	\$ 5,160,667	\$	32,101
2021	3,932,321		-
2022	308,657		_
2023	(269,136)		-
	\$ 9,132,509	\$	32,101

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50% Discount Rate 7.15%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

CalPERS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	Assumed Asset	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1 – 10*	Years 11+**
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.0%	-0.92%
	100.0%		

^{*}An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

^{**}An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current		1%
	 Decrease (6.15%)	Discount Rate (7.15%)		Increase (8.15%)
District's proportionate share of	 _		_	_
the net pension liability	\$ 66,387,938	\$	45,597,609	\$ 28,349,055

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2019.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2019.

C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2019, the District had commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects of \$34,169,203.

NOTE 13 - PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District is a member of MERGE. The District pays an annual premium to the entity for its workers' compensation, property liability, and excess liability coverage. MERGE obtains excess liability coverage for its members through SELF (School Excess Liability Fund). The relationship between the District and the JPA is such that it is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

This entity has budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and its financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entity and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are available from the identified entity.

NOTE 14 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A. Refunded Debt

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position* and GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities,* the District recognized deferred outflows or inflows of resources in the District-wide financial statements. The deferred outflow of resources pertains to the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price (deferred amount on refunding). Previous financial reporting standards require this to be presented as part of the District's long-term debt. This deferred outflow of resources is recognized as a component of interest expense in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the old debt or the new debt, whichever is shorter. At June 30, 2019, the deferred outflows of resources on refunding was \$6,990,369 and the deferred inflows of resources on refunding was \$275,080.

B. Pension Plans

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 11. At June 30, 2019, total deferred outflows related to pensions was \$41,833,081 and total deferred inflows related to pensions was \$9,067,715.

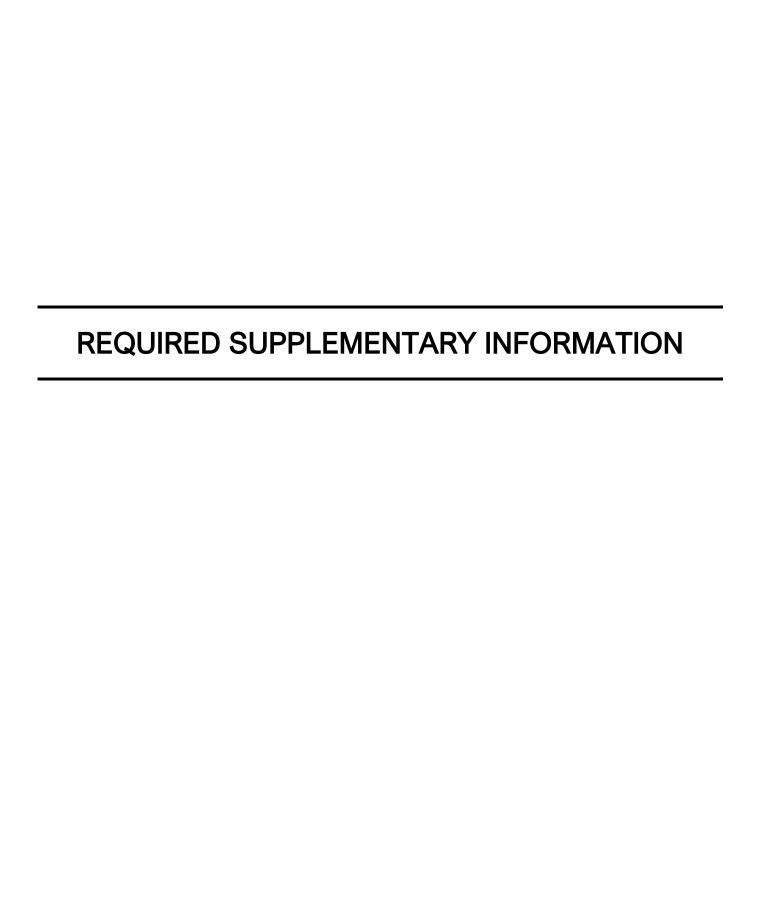
C. Other Postemployment Benefits

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 10. At June 30, 2019, total deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$2,132,191.

NOTE 15 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District's risk management activities are recorded in the General Fund. The District purchases commercial insurance for employee medical benefit programs in addition to participating in the Southern California Schools Voluntary Employee Benefits Association (SCSVEBA), a tax exempt voluntary employees benefit trust. The District participates in the Merge Risk Management Public Entity Risk Pool (MERGE) for workers' compensation and property and liability claims. Excess property and liability coverage is obtained through participation in Schools Excess Liability Fund (SELF). The participation in the public entity risk pools represents a transfer of risk to the pool. The District's share of assets, liabilities or fund equities has not been calculated. Provisions of the agreements with the public entity risk pools provide for additional assessments for deficits within the pool based upon specific calculations. As of June 30, 2019, there was no information available indicating that the District had an outstanding obligation for any calculated deficits.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage associated with the District's insurance programs. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.



EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual*		Variances -		
		Original	Final	(Bu	(Budgetary Basis)		to Actual
REVENUES							
LCFF sources	\$	105,645,751	\$ 106,897,017	\$	107,376,001	\$	478,984
Federal sources		5,688,482	9,268,996		6,275,046		(2,993,950)
Other state sources		8,968,282	11,889,010		9,940,289		(1,948,721)
Other local sources		7,287,684	7,308,291		7,512,334		204,043
Total Revenues		127,590,199	135,363,314		131,103,670		(4,259,644)
EXPENDITURES							
Certificated salaries		49,872,977	50,513,103		49,367,071		1,146,032
Classified salaries		19,994,146	20,394,606		19,683,259		711,347
Employee benefits		32,527,155	33,010,808		30,656,829		2,353,979
Books and supplies		8,385,545	16,051,007		7,970,449		8,080,558
Services and other operating expenditures		16,556,045	18,920,847		14,906,030		4,014,817
Capital outlay		3,477,237	2,401,221		945,577		1,455,644
Other outgo							
Excluding transfers of indirect costs		1,218,307	1,394,164		714,660		679,504
Transfers of indirect costs		(629,802)	(629,802)		(566,975)		(62,827)
Total Expenditures		131,401,610	142,055,954		123,676,900		18,379,054
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		(3,811,411)	(6,692,640)		7,426,770		14,119,410
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers out		(3,190,000)	(3,600,000)		(5,610,412)		(2,010,412)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(3,190,000)	(3,600,000)		(5,610,412)		(2,010,412)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(7,001,411)	(10,292,640)		1,816,358		12,108,998
Fund Balance - Beginning		36,245,300	36,245,300		36,313,671		68,371
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	29,243,889	\$ 25,952,660	\$	38,130,029	\$	12,177,369

^{*} The actual amounts reported on this schedule do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the following reason:

- Actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects and the Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits, in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54.
- On-behalf payments of \$5,058,871 are not included in the actual revenues and expenditures reported in this schedule.

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	June 30, 2019		Ju	ne 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability				
Service Cost	\$	1,095,821	\$	1,095,821
Interest on total OPEB liability		891,978		894,069
Changes of assumptions		1,796,418		(1,363,348)
Benefits payments		(993,692)		(888,085)
Net change in total OPEB liability		2,790,525		(261,543)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		22,791,413		23,052,956
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	25,581,938	\$	22,791,413
Covered-employee payroll	\$	76,624,345	\$	72,363,559
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee		33.4%		31.5%

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Jı	June 30, 2019		une 30, 2018	Jı	une 30, 2017	Jı	une 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.099%		0.092%		0.099%		0.100%		0.098%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	91,392,124	\$	84,857,991	\$	80,399,644	\$	67,293,511	\$	57,275,854
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total	\$	52,326,522 143,718,646	\$	50,201,679 135,059,670	\$	45,776,821 126,176,465	\$	35,590,753 102,884,264	\$	34,585,634 91,861,488
District's covered payroll	\$	52,316,674	\$	50,394,706	\$	50,182,852	\$	47,701,755	\$	43,655,261
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		174.7%		168.4%		160.2%		141.1%		131.2%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		71.0%		69.5%		70.0%		74.0%		76.5%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Ju	June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		une 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.171%		0.163%		0.174%		0.173%		0.163%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	45,597,609	\$	38,929,238	\$	34,412,310	\$	25,529,882	\$	18,475,072
District's covered payroll	\$	23,074,258	\$	20,904,738	\$	20,857,052	\$	19,223,162	\$	17,083,753
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		197.6%		186.2%		165.0%		132.8%		108.1%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.8%		71.9%		73.9%		79.4%		83.4%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Ju	ine 30, 2019	June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		Ju	ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	8,494,779	\$	7,549,296	\$	6,339,654	\$	5,384,620	\$	4,201,988
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(8,494,779)		(7,549,296)		(6,339,654)		(5,384,620)		(4,201,988)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	52,195,169	\$	52,316,674	\$	50,394,706	\$	50,182,852	\$	47,701,755
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		16.28%		14.43%		12.58%		10.73%		8.81%

^{*}Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Ju	ne 30, 2019	June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		Ju	ne 30, 2016	June 30, 2015		
Contractually required contribution	\$	3,929,968	\$	3,583,663	\$	2,903,250	\$	2,470,935	\$	2,264,104	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(3,929,968)		(3,583,663)		(2,903,250)		(2,470,935)		(2,264,104)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		
District's covered payroll	\$	21,732,772	\$	23,074,258	\$	20,904,738	\$	20,857,052	\$	19,223,162	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		18.08%		15.53%		13.89%		11.85%		11.78%	

^{*}Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the total OPEB liability, and the components of the total OPEB liability and related ratios, including the total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation for OPEB.

Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.13 percent since the previous valuation for OPEB.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the District's covered payroll, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes in economic assumptions since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

Schedule of District Contributions

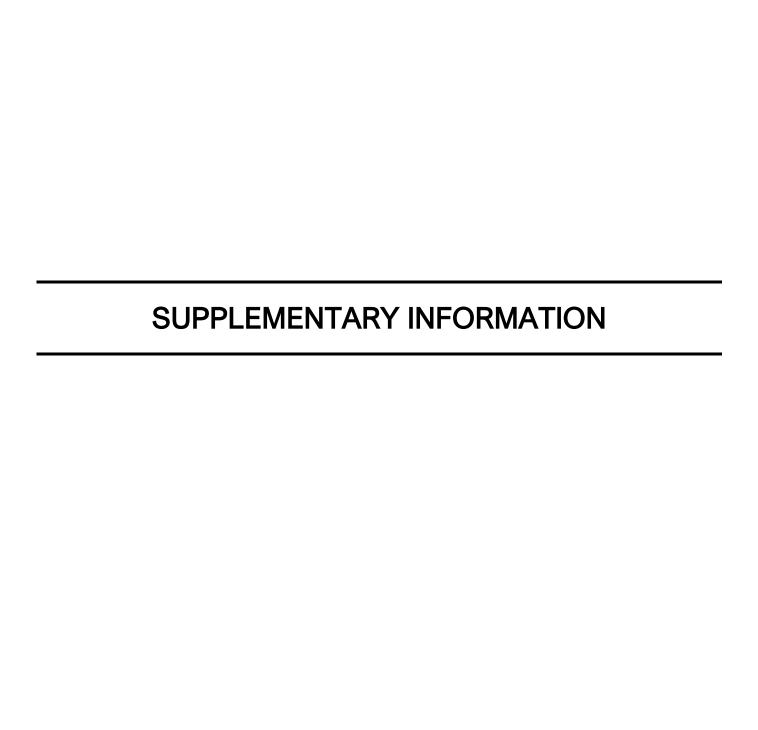
This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contributions as a percentage of the District's covered payroll.

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 – EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District incurred an excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual major funds presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code, as follows:

		Expenditures and Other Uses								
		Actual	Excess							
General Fund										
Transfers of indirect costs	\$	(629,802) \$	(566,975) \$	62,827						



EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Title I, Part A			
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	\$ 3,054,875
Subtotal Title I, Part A			3,054,875
Adult Education			
Adult Education: Adult Basic Education & ESL	84.002A	14508	751,830
Adult Education: Adult Secondary Education	84.002	13978	249,150
Subtotal Adult Education			1,000,980
Title I, Migrant Education	84.011	14838	9,478
Title II, Part A			
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants	84.367	14341	185,916
Subtotal Title II, Part A			185,916
Title III			
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346	199,220
Title III, Immigrant Education Program	84.365	15146	36,154
Subtotal Title III			235,374
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	15396	202,348
Special Education Cluster			
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379	1,447,649
IDEA Mental Health Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Allocation, Part B, Sec 611	84.027A	15197	95,681
Subtotal Special Education Cluster			1,543,330
Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education			
Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education: Secondary, Section 131	84.048	14894	317,066
Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education: Adult, Section 132	84.048	15295	78,307
Subtotal Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education			395,373
Total U. S. Department of Education			6,627,674
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
School Breakfast Program - Needy	10.553	13526	1,236,517
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391	2,869,848
USDA Commodities	10.555	*	335,664
Meal Supplements	10.559	*	44,898
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			4,486,927
NSLP Equipment Assistance Grant	10.579	14906	32,215
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			4,519,142
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:			
Passed through California Department of Health Services:			
Medicaid			
Medi-Cal Administrative Activities	93.778	10060	726,658
Subtotal Medicaid			726,658
Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services			726,658
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 11,873,474
•			-

^{* -} Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available or not applicable

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Second	
	Period	Annual
	Report	Report
	Certificate No. 9DB912CC	Certificate No. 17FA70DE
SCHOOL DISTRICT		
Ninth through Twelfth		
Regular ADA	8,063.03	8,026.55
Extended Year Special Education	65.63	42.74
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	34.91	30.06
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	1.88	3.24
Community Day School	25.71	27.48
Total Ninth through Twelfth	8,191.16	8,130.07
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	8,191.16	8,130.07

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Minutes	2018-19 Actual	Number	
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	of Days	Status
Grade 9	64,800	65,252	180	Complied
Grade 10	64,800	64,834	180	Complied
Grade 11	64,800	64,862	180	Complied
Grade 12	64,800	65,424	180	Complied

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	20	020 (Budget)	2019	2018	2017
General Fund - Budgetary Basis**					
Revenues And Other Financing Sources	\$	126,111,507 \$	131,103,670	\$ 125,207,788 \$	125,625,180
Expenditures And Other Financing Uses		135,820,946	129,287,312	130,849,116	113,147,739
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	(9,709,439) \$	1,816,358	\$ (5,641,328) \$	12,477,441
Ending Fund Balance	\$	26,230,590 \$	38,130,029	\$ 36,245,300 \$	41,886,628
Available Reserves*	\$	23,461,861 \$	21,978,843	\$ 17,115,498 \$	38,261,605
Available Reserves As A					_
Percentage Of Outgo		17.27%	17.00%	13.08%	33.82%
Long-term Liabilities	\$	378,380,351 \$	393,690,789	\$ 323,602,534 \$	288,147,346
Average Daily					_
Attendance At P-2		8,063	8,191	8,515	8,565

The General Fund balance has decreased by \$3,756,599 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2019-20 budget projects a decrease of \$9,709,439 For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in two of the past three years but anticipates incurring an operating deficits during the 2019-20 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have increased by \$105,543,443 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 374 ADA over the past two years. A decrease of 128 ADA is anticipated during the 2019-20 fiscal year.

- The amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects and the Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits, in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54.
- On-behalf payments of \$5,058,871 are not included in the actual revenues and expenditures reported in this schedule.

^{*}Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund.

^{**}The actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because:

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 General Fund	Special Res Fund for O Than Cap Outlay Pro	ther ital	•	ecial Reseve Fund for temployment Benefits
June 30, 2019, annual financial and budget report fund balance Adjustments and reclassifications: Increase (decrease) in total fund balances:	\$ 38,130,029	\$ 4,17	'8,031	\$	2,967,061
Fund balance transfer (GASB 54)	7,145,092	(4,17	(8,031)		(2,967,061)
Net adjustments and reclassifications	7,145,092	(4,17	'8,031)		(2,967,061)
June 30, 2019, audited financial statement fund balance	\$ 45,275,121	\$	-	\$	-

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019

	Adu	ilt Education Fund	Ca	afeteria Fund	N	Deferred Maintenance Fund	Ca	apital Facilities Fund	Fu	ecial Reserve nd for Capital tlay Projects	Non-Major overnmental Funds
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$	8,363,670	\$	446,127	\$	7,332,687	\$	2,112,862	\$	4,858,783	\$ 23,114,129
Accounts receivable		1,585,204		672,270		32,349		28,005		23,893	2,341,721
Stores inventory		170,466		14,472		-		-		-	184,938
Total Assets	\$	10,119,340	\$	1,132,869	\$	7,365,036	\$	2,140,867	\$	4,882,676	\$ 25,640,788
LIABILITIES											
Accrued liabilities	\$	354,930	\$	158,653	\$	246,833	\$	222,495	\$	95,541	\$ 1,078,452
Total Liabilities		354,930		158,653		246,833		222,495		95,541	1,078,452
FUND BALANCES											
Non-spendable		170,466		19,772		-		-		-	190,238
Restricted		9,593,944		954,444		-		1,918,372		4,787,135	17,253,895
Committed		-		-		7,118,203		-		-	7,118,203
Total Fund Balances		9,764,410		974,216		7,118,203		1,918,372		4,787,135	24,562,336
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	10,119,340	\$	1,132,869	\$	7,365,036	\$	2,140,867	\$	4,882,676	\$ 25,640,788

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Adult Educa Fund	ation	Cafeteria Fund		Deferred Maintenance Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major overnmental Funds
REVENUES								_
LCFF sources	\$	-	\$ -	- \$	2,510,412	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,510,412
Federal sources	1,07	9,287	4,519,141		-	-	-	5,598,428
Other state sources	10,59	6,326	352,362		-	-	-	10,948,688
Other local sources	42	9,953	34,420)	105,570	529,156	1,066,270	2,165,369
Total Revenues	12,10	5,566	4,905,923	}	2,615,982	529,156	1,066,270	21,222,897
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Instruction	6,63	6,948	-	•	-	-	-	6,636,948
Instruction-related services								
Instructional supervision and administration	90	1,616	-	•	-	-	-	901,616
School site administration	2,56	2,337	-	•	-	-	-	2,562,337
Pupil services								
Food services		-	4,642,273	}	-	-	-	4,642,273
All other pupil services	31	2,696	-	•	-	-	-	312,696
General administration								
All other general administration	50	6,819	60,156	;	-	3,440	-	570,415
Plant services	1,23	8,458	-		481,259	-	860,214	2,579,931
Facilities acquisition and maintenance		8,370	-	-	432,421	365,188	387,417	1,193,396
Enterprise activities		-	3,224		-	-	-	3,224
Total Expenditures	12,16	7,244	4,705,653	}	913,680	368,628	1,247,631	19,402,836
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	(6	1,678)	200,270)	1,702,302	160,528	(181,361)	1,820,061
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		-	-		-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		-		•	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(6	1,678)	200,270)	1,702,302	160,528	818,639	2,820,061
Fund Balance - Beginning		6,088	773,946	<u> </u>	5,415,901	1,757,844	3,968,496	21,742,275
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 9,76	4,410	\$ 974,216	\$	7,118,203	\$ 1,918,372	\$ 4,787,135	\$ 24,562,336

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2019

The El Monte Union High School District was established in 1901 and serves the communities of El Monte, South El Monte, and Rosemead. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District is operating five comprehensive high schools, one continuation high school, an independent study program, a community day school, and an adult education program.

GOVERNING BOARD

Member	Office	Term Expires					
Maria Morgan	President	2020					
Ricardo Padilla	Vice-President	2022					
David Diaz	Clerk	2022					
Florencio F. Briones	Member	2022					
Carlos G. Salcedo	Member	2020					

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS

Dr. Edward A. Zuniga Superintendent

Wael Elatar Chief Business Official

Larry Cecil
Assistant Superintendent, Educational Services

Felipe Ibarra
Assistant Superintendent, Human Resources

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements. The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code Sections* 46200 through 46208. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the District participated in the Longer Day incentive funding program. As of June 30, 2019, the District had met its target funding.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

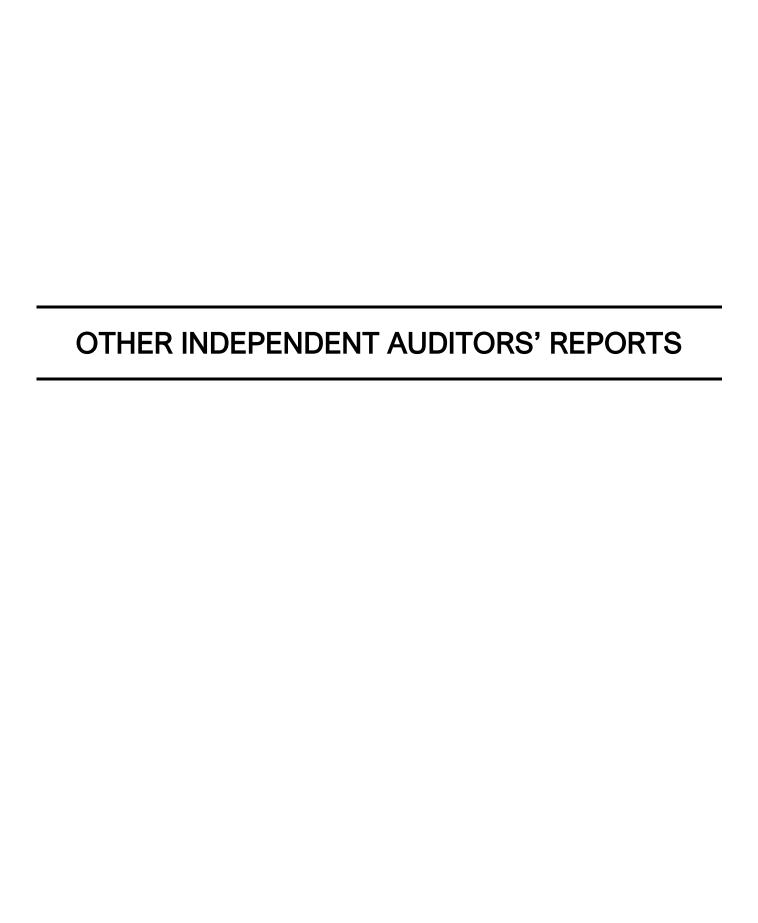
This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

Combining Statements - Non-Major Funds

These statements provide information on the District's non-major funds.

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board El Monte Union High School District El Monte, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of El Monte Union High School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the El Monte Union High School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 13, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered El Monte Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of El Monte Union High School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of El Monte Union High School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether El Monte Union High School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

348 Olive Street San Diego, CA 92103 0: 619-270-8222 F: 619-260-9085 **christywhite.com**

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 13, 2019

Ristolekete, Inc

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board El Monte Union High School District El Monte, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited El Monte Union High School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of El Monte Union High School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. El Monte Union High School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of El Monte Union High School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about El Monte Union High School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of El Monte Union High School District's compliance.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of El Monte Union High School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered El Monte Union High School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance,, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of El Monte Union High School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 13, 2019

Kintylehete, Inc

REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board El Monte Union High School District El Monte, California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited El Monte Union High School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2018-2019 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, issued by the prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810, that could have a direct and material effect on each of El Monte Union High School District's state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, as identified below.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of El Monte Union High School District's state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2018-2019 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, issued by the prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state programs noted below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about El Monte Union High School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with the requirements referred to above. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of El Monte Union High School District's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on State Compliance

In our opinion, El Monte Union High School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Procedures Performed

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine El Monte Union High School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

PROGRAM NAME	PROCEDURES PERFORMED
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Not Applicable
Independent Study	No
Continuation Education	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Not Applicable
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	Not Applicable
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Not Applicable
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	Not Applicable
Attendance; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;	
for charter schools	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	
Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes – Classroom Based; for	
charter schools	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

We did not perform testing for Independent Study because ADA was not material for the year ended June 30, 2019.

San Diego, California

Chistylehete, Inc

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS			
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified?		No	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		None Reported	
Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?		No	
FEDERAL AWARDS			
Internal control over major program:			
Material weakness(es) identified?		No	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		None Reported	
Type of auditors' report issued:		Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are require	red to be reported in accordance		
with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		No	
Identification of major programs:	,		
1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1			
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
84.010	Title I, Part A		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish betwee	·	- \$ 750,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes	
•			
STATE AWARDS			
Internal control over state programs:			
Material weaknesses identified?		No	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		None Reported	
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for state programs:		Unmodified	
. , per en de de la compliante de la com			

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FIVE DIGIT CODE

20000 30000 60000 **AB 3627 FINDING TYPE**

Inventory of Equipment Internal Control Miscellaneous

There were no financial statement findings for the year ended June 30, 2019.

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FIVE DIGIT CODE 50000

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE Federal Compliance

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FIVE DIGIT CODE	AB 3627 FINDING TYPE		
10000	Attendance		
40000	State Compliance		
42000	Charter School Facilities Programs		
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction		
60000	Miscellaneous		
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries		
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan		
70000	Instructional Materials		
71000	Teacher Misassignments		
72000	School Accountability Report Card		

There were no state award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FINDING #2018-001 – UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNTS (40000)

Criteria: Students classified as free or reduced price meal eligible (FRPM) and who are not directly certified on the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report must have supporting documentation that indicates the student was eligible for the determination. Auditors are required to verify compliance with Education Code Section 42238.02(b)(3)(b) in Section W of the 2017-18 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting.

Condition: 1 of 84 students tested from the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report who was classified as Free or Reduced Price Meal eligible (FRPM) did not have proper supporting documentation to support their designation. When the error is extrapolated over the impacted population (2,133 students), 25 students were identified as ineligible.

Effect: The District is not in compliance with State requirements.

Cause: The student with an error was selected for National School Lunch Program Verification by the District, while the student was properly reclassified as Denied in the Child Nutrition System; the student was not reclassified in the CALPADS system.

Context: 25 of 24,232 (7,965 for 2017-18, 8,114 for 2016-17, and 8,153 for 2015-16) students reported in the District's Unduplicated Pupil Count did not have proper supporting documentation to support their FRPM designation.

EL MONTE UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FINDING #2018-001 - UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNTS (40000) (continued)

Questioned Costs: \$23,126, calculated as follows:

		Data Input and Calculated Fields				
UPP A	Audit Adjustment					
1	1 Total Adjusted Enrollment from the UPP exhibit as of P-2		27,076			
_	Table 1 and 1 line in the I Down Country in LIDD and 1 in the CD C	24222				
2	Total Adjusted Unduplicated Pupil Count from the UPP exhibit as of P-2				24,232	
3	Audit Adjustment - Number of Enrollment					
	Additional Number of Enforment					
4	Audit Adjustment - Number of Unduplicated Pupil Count	(25)				
5	Revised Adjusted Enrollment	27,076				
6	Revised Adjusted Unduplicated Pupil Count	24,207				
7	UPP calculated as of P-2	0.8950				
8	Revised UPP for audit finding	0.8940				
9	Charter Schools Only: Determinative School District Concentration Cap					
10	Revised UPP adjusted for Concentration Cap	0.8940				
LCFF	Target Supplemental Grant Funding Audit Adjustment	TK/K-3	4–6	7–8	9–12	
9	Supplemental and Concentration Grant ADA				8,601.53	
40	A Ford A Day County of ADA				***	
10	Adjusted Base Grant per ADA				\$8,939	
11	Target Supplemental Grant Funding calculated as of P-2	\$13,763,145				
12	Revised Target Supplemental Grant Funding for audit finding Target Supplemental Grant Funding audit adjustment	\$13,747,767 (\$15,378)				
	Target Concentration Grant Funding Audit Adjustment				(\$15,576)	
14	Target Concentration Grant Funding calculated as of P-2	\$13,263,366				
15	Revised Target Concentration Grant Funding for audit finding	\$13,224,921				
16	Target Concentration Grant Funding audit adjustment	(\$38,445)				
Estim	nated Cost of Unduplicated Pupil Count Audit Adjustment for LEAs funded at LCF	F Target			, , , , , ,	
18	18 Total Target Supplemental and Concentration audit adjustment (\$53,82			(\$53,823)		
Estim	nated Cost of Unduplicated Pupil Count Audit Adjustment for LEAs funded on LC	FF Floor and	Gap			
19				0.4296644273		
20	20 Estimated Cost of Unduplicated Pupil Count audit adjustment (\$23,126					

Recommendation: We recommend that the District ensure that all students listed as FRPM in the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report have proper documentation to support their CALPADS designation.

Corrective Action Plan: The District will work to ensure that all students reported in CALPADS have proper documentation to support their classification.

Current Status: Implemented.